# BAHASA INGGRIS SMP/MTs 

| Nama $:$ |
| :--- |
| No Peserta : |

## UJIAN NASIONAL TAHUN PELAJARAN 2011/2012

## SMP/MTs

## BAHASA INGGRIS

Selasa, 24 April 2012 (08.00-10.00)


KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN DAN KEBUBAYAAN


| Wand WAKTUPELAKSANAANHari/Tanggal $\quad:$ Selasa, 24 April 2012 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Jam | : 08.00-10.00 |



1. Isilah Lembar Jawaban Ujian Nasional (LJUN) Anda sebagai berikut:
a. Nama Peserta pada kotak yang disediakan, lalu hitamkan bulatan di bawahnya sesuai dengan huruf di atasnya.
b. Nomor Peserta, Tanggal Lahir, dan Paket Soal (lihat kanan atas sampul naskah) pada kolom yang disediakan, lalu hitamkan bulatan di bawahnya sesuai dengan angka/huruf di atasnya.
c. Hitamkan bulatan pada kolom Nama Mata Ujian yang sedang diujikan.
d. Nama Sekolah, Tanggal Ujian, dan Bubuhkan Tanda Tangan Anda pada kotak yang disediakan.
2. Tersedia waktu 120 menit untuk mengerjakan Paket Soal tersebut.
3. Jumlah soal sebanyak 50 butir, pada setiap butir soal terdapat 4 (empat) pilihan jawaban.
4. Periksa dan laporkan kepada pengawas ujian apabila terdapat lembar soal yang kurang jelas, rusak, atau tidak lengkap.
5. Tidak diizinkan menggunakan kalkulator, HP, tabel matematika atau alat bantu hitung lainnya.
6. Periksalah pekerjaan Anda sebelum diserahkan kepada pengawas ujian.
7. Lembar soal boleh dicoret-coret.
(1) First, loosen the clothing around your neck.
(2) Put a cotton pad in the bleeding nostril.
(3) Then sit down with your head leaning forward.
(4) Squeeze your nose until it stops bleeding.
(5) If your nose continues to bleed, call a doctor.
8. From the text we know that the last thing to do to stop nose bleeding is ....
A. see a doctor for professional help
B. change the cotton pad in the nostril
C. lay down on the floor to stop bleeding
D. keep on squeezing the bleeding nostril
9. From the text we are suggested that we should ....
A. not lean backward when have nose bleeding
B. call a doctor immediately in a case of nose bleeding
C. squeeze your nose until it stops bleeding
D. never put a cotton pad in a bleeding nostril
10. " $\ldots$. until it stops bleeding."

The underlined word refers to
A. head
B. cloth
C. nose
D. cotton

## The following text is for questions number 4 to 6.

I live in a small village called Dempet in Demak, Central Java. It is a nice and quiet place. My house is near a bridge which goes to a market. Behind my house is a big river. The street in front of my house is about ten meters wide.

People in my village are mostly farmers. They grows paddy, watermelons, and cucumbers. Some people earn their living by raising cattle, such as goats, sheeps, and cows. Some others are traders. They sell cröps and other stuff at the market.

Early in the morning, the street in front of my house is always crowded by people going to the market. The goods are carried by horse carts and bicycles.
4. What do the people in the writer's village mostly do for a living? By being a/an ...
A. farmer.
B. seller.
C. sepherd.
D. trader.
5. How do the villagers earn they living? They are ...
A. growing flowers.
B. raising chicken.
C. selling paddy.
D. driving horse carts.
6. "They sell crops and other stuff at the market." (Paragraph 2)

The underlined word has similar meaning with ....
A. merchandises
B. harvest goods
C. cattles
D. gifts

Read the following text to answer question number 7.

| DUE TO MANY SHARP CORALS, |
| :---: |
| THE VISITORS ARE PROHIBITED TO SWIM ALONG THIS AREA |

7. Where do we usually find the text?
A. At the lake.
B. At the beach.
C. At the river bank.
D. At the swimming pool.

The following text is for questions number 8 to 10.
Boyolali regency is located in north of Solo and east of Merapi and Merbabu Mountains. This regency has been known for its production of fresh milk for a long time. No wonder, the cow statues adorn Boyolali town.

There are six main cow statues in Boyolali. They are displayed in different places. The statues are made of concrete. The colour and shape are made in such a way to resemble the real cows. However, the size is made bigger to catch the eye.

Besides decorating the town, the statues also turn out to be helpful for people from out of town to find places they are seeking in Boyolali. By mentioning the position of the statue, people can get their way easily.
8. "... they are seeking in Boyolali" (paragraph 3)

What does the underlined word refer to?
A. People from out town.
B. Places in Boyolali.
C. Cow statues.
D. Real cows.
9. What is the main idea of the last paragraph?
A. The statues help people to find places easily.
B. The statues decorate the town beautifully.
C. The cow can get their way easily around the town.
D. The people from out of town easily find the statues.
10. The text mainly tells us about ....
A. the colour of the statues
B. cow statues in Boyolali
C. a town called Boyolali
D. how to raise cows

The following text is for questions number 11 to. 13.
It was about 7.00 p.m. I was studying in my study when my brother, Yuda, suddenly vomitted.

My mother and I panicked, so we took him to the nearest clinic. When we arrived there, some nurses laid him on a strecher. They took him to the doctor's room. Then the doctor asked some questions to my mother.

Finally, the doctor said that Yuda would be fine by dinner time. He told Yuda to eat nutrious food. The food had to contain carbohydrates, proteins, vitamins, and minerals. My mother looked very relieved because Yuda was not seriously ill.
11. When did Yuda vomit?
A. in the morning
B. in the afternoon
C. in the evening
D. after dinner
12. What did the doctor do after examined Yuda?
A. He asked some questions to mother
B. He brought Yuda to the treatment room
C. He asked Yuda to eat nutritions food
D. He asked the nurse to lay him down
13. The main idea of the last paragraph is that ....
A. Yuda will be fine
B. he has to eat good food
C. mother feels happy
D. Yuda need carbohydrates

The following text is for questions number 14 to 16.
One day, a boy got up with the feeling that the day was going to be unlucky day for him. He found that it was already 6.50 a.m., he rushed into the bathroom. In a hurry he did not see a piece of soap lying on the floor, he stepped on it and slipped.

Then, he went into the dining room for his breakfast. He gulped down the tea without realizing that it was very hot, so it burnt his tongue. He got dressed and rushed to the bus stop. Unfortunately, he just missed the bus. His heart sank and knew that he would be late for school and his teacher would be angry with him again.
14. "He gulped down the tea without realizing that it was very hot, ..." (Paragraph 2)

The word it refers to ....
A. the tongue
B. the toast
C. the tea
D. the coffee
15. What happened with the boy when he got his breakfast?
A. His breakfast was not ready.
B. He did not prepare it.
C. He burned his toast.
D. He hurt his tongue
16. The text tells us about the boy's ....
A. good day
B. lucky day
C. bad day
D. fine day

The following text is for questions number 17 to 19
Most crabs have a (17) ... shell to protect their bodies. The hermit crab has a soft body and no shell of its own. In order to (18) ... itself, it will find an empty molluse shell and squeeze inside (19) ... Then with only its logs and head sticking old, it will walk around the sea-bed searching for food.
17. ....
A. shiny
B. soft
C. thick
D. hard
18. ....
A. close
B. hide
C. protect
D. put
19. ....
A. completely
B. insufficiently
C. partly
D. slightly
20. Arrange these words into a meaningful sentence.
$\frac{\text { someone }}{1}-\frac{\text { glad }}{2}-\frac{\text { the king }}{3}-\frac{\text { to work }}{4}-\frac{\text { to find }}{5}-\frac{\text { who }}{6}-\frac{\text { was }}{7}-\frac{\text { wanted }}{8}$
A. 3-7-5-2-4-1-6-8
B. 3-7-2-5-1-6-8-4
C. 3-7-5-2-8-6-1-4
D. 3-7-4-5-6-2-1-8
21. Arrange these sentences into a meaningful recount text.
(1) Thirty people died, all of them were British.
(2) There were only four survivors, who managed to get out through a broken window.
(3) There was a terrible accident on the motorway near Gondolfo last night.
(4) Luckily the motorway was quiet and no other vehicle was involved in the crash.
(5) The coach was owned by Gladway Tours London.
(6) And the driver was in hurry.
(7) A coach overturned and caught fire.
(8) The coach left London two hours late.
A. 3-7-1-5-4-2-6-8
B. $3-7-1-5-2-4-8-6$
C. 3-7-5-2-1-6-8-4
D. 3-7-5-8-6-4-2-1

## The following text is for questions number 22 to 25.

Once a farmer owned a donkey and a lapdog. The donkey worked hard all day, hauling heavy loads. The lapdog stayed with his master all day, and lived in the house with him. He did not work, but was allowed to sit on the master's lap. The donkey grew jealous of the lapdog.

Perhaps if I behave like the dog, like wag my tail and jump on the master, the master will start loving me as much as he does the dog. So the donkey decided to wait for his chance.

One day, when he was left unattended, the donkey broke his halter and ran into the farmhouse kitchen. There the farmer sat at table. The donkey rushed up to him and began wagging his tail vigorously, and knocked off all the china from the table. He then started jumping around and frolicking like a little dog, and finally plonked himself down on the farmer's lap. The shocked farmer yelled for help. The farmhands came running in and dragged the donkey off to his stable, and gave him a beating he did not forget for the rest of his life.
22. What made the donkey jealous of the dog?
A. The halter that he has to wear.
B. The beating that he has.
C. The farmer's care to the dog.
D. The chance to stay inside the house.
23. What is the main idea of paragraph 3 ?
A. The donkey wanted to be loved by its master.
B. The way the farmer treated the donkey.
C. The things done by the donkey to be loved.
D. The dog's habit is liked by the master.
24. The best title for the text is?
A. The farmer and his dog.
B. The donkey and the lapdog.
C. The farmer and the donkey.
D. The dog and it's master
25. What can we learn from the text?
A. It is good to share things with others.
B. It is not good to help others.
C. It is not good to be envious to others.
D. It is good to keep your promise.

The following text is for questions number 26 to 29.
The travelers and a tree
One summer day, two men were walking. Soon it became too hot to go any further. Then, seeing a large tree nearby, they threw themselves on the ground to rest in its shade.

Gazing up into the branches one man said to the other. "What a useless three this is. It does not have fruit or nuts that we can eat and we cannot even use its wood for anything."
"Don't be so ungrateful," rustled the tree in reply. "I am being extremely useful to you at this very moment, shielding you from the hot sun. And you call me a good-for-nothing!". Then the gentle winds blew and made the travelles fall asleep.

26. What was the day like according to the story?
A. Rather cloudy
B. Very warm
C. Cool enough
D. Very hot
27. The men had to stop under the tree because ....
A. the tree was so useless
B. they were ungrateful
C. it was too hot to go futher
D. they were fallen asleep
28. "Don't be so ungrateful," (Paragraph 3)

What does the word "ungrateful" in the sentence mean?
A. Very boastful
B. Too attentive
C. Really thankful
D. Not appreciative
29. What can you learn from the story?
A. All of God's creations have purposes.
B. For all travelers, trees are useful for resting.
C. Being a good for nothing is not very nice.
D. We may not travel during the summer.

Complete the following paragraph with correct word.
I went to Germany with my family ... (30) a school holiday a few years ago. It was getting dark, so we were looking for a hotel. Then we ... (31) upon two hotels next each other with ... (32) opening. We just randomly chose one and settled for the night.
30.
A. for
B. from
C. since
D. during
31.
A. come
B. came
C. comes
D. coming
32. ....
A. park
B. store
C. job
D. room

The following text is for questions number 33 and 34.
Dear Dimas,
Do you have any plans for next weekend? Tono and I are going fishing at my uncle's house. It's been a long time since we spent a weekend together. Will you join us? My brother, Tono, will drive us to the village. If you are interested, let me know soon.
33. Why does Akmal ask Dimas to join them for the weekend?
A. Dimas is one of Akmal's best friend.
B. Akmal knows that Dimas likes fishing.
C. Dimas doesn't have any plans for weekend.
D. It's been long since they spent a weekend together.
34. From the message we can conclude that ....
A. all of the boys have the same hobbies
B. they will go to the village by car
C. both Dimas and Tono are Akmal's best friends
D. they always spend their weekend together

## The following text is for questions number 35 and 36.

Dear John,
Let me congratulate you on your success as the best pop singer in 2012. I hope you always perform the best in the next show.

Love,
Cindy.
35. From the text above, we know that ...
A. John performs the best in the show.
B. Cindy performs the best in the show.
C. Cindy wants to be the best in the show.
D. John hopes he will be the best in the next show.
36. 'I hope you always perform the best ...

The underlined word can be replaced with ....
A. play
B. sing
C. read
D. dance

The following text is for questions number 37 and 38.

37. What does the Thompson family do?
A. Introduce Santa to their friends.
B. Open the door for their friends.
C. Inform their new house to their friends.
D. Invite their friends to a cocktail party.
38. From the text we can say that ....
A. Cecily and Brandon have different addresses
B. Santa is going to move to a new house this year
C. Santa always opens the door for Thompson family
D. the Thompson family will move to a new house

Read the text and answer questions 39 to 42.
Jellyfish are not really fish. They are invertebrate animals. This means that unlike fish or people, they have no backbones. In fact, they have no bones at all.

Jellyfish have stomachs and mouths, but no heads. They have nervous systems for sensing the world around them, but no brains. They are made almost entirely of water, which is why you can look through them.

Some jellyfish can glow in darkness by making their own light. The light is made by a chemical reaction inside the jellyfish. Scientists believe jellyfish glow for several reasons. For example, they may glow to scare away predators or to attract animals they like to eat.

Most jellyfish live in salt water, apart from a few types that live in fresh water. Jellyfish are found in oceans and seas all over the world. They live in warm, tropical seas and in icy waters near the North and South poles.
39. Which one creates Jellyfish's light?
A. White blood.
B. Nervous system.
C. Chemical reaction.
D. Salt water.
40. Based on the text, we know that ...
A. they belong to invertebrate animals.
B. they have heads like other animals.
C. their brain helps them find the food.
D. they cannot live in fresh water.
41. What is the text about?
A. Jellyfish.
B. Kinds of all fish.
C. All invertebrate animals.
D. Some kinds of sea animals.
42. "Some jellyfish can glow in darkness by making their own light." ( paragraph 3 )

The word "glow" in the sentence means ....
A. move
B. produce
C. appear
D. shine

The following text is for questions number 43 to 45.
Announcement
Based on the Approval Letter of the Governor of Bank Indonesia no. 13/108/KEP.GBI/2011 on 29 December 2011, we are pleased to announce that effective from 12 January 2012,

PT Saphire Bank
has changed its name to
PT Bank Diamond Indonesia
The name change reflects the shareholding increase of Saphire Group Limited from 85\% to $99 \%$ in PT Bank Diamond Indonesia as well as our strong and continuing support to Indonesia's economic growth.

Jakarta, 12 January 2012
Board of Directors
PT Bank Diamond Indonesia
43. Why does the bank change its name? Because ....
A. they commited to support Indonesian economic grownth
B. there are some changes in shareholding
C. the governor of Bank Indonesia request it
D. they already announce it to the public
44. "The name change reflects the shareholding increase ..."

The underlined word closest in meaning with ....
A. mirrors
B. shows
C. makes
D. improves
45. The text above is about
A. Bank Indonesia closing a certain bank
B. a change of a bank ownership
C. a change of name of a bank
D. an announcement of a bank bankruptcy

The following text is for questions number 46 and 47.

| COLD BREAKER |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| LIKE YOU NEVER FEEL ANY COLD |  |  |
| Fast relief for: |  |  |
| $\circ$ | Congestion | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ tablets |
| $\circ$ | Runny nose | USP |
| $\circ$ | Coughs | $\mathbf{2 0 0} \mathbf{~ m g}$ |
| $\circ$ | Headache |  |
| $\circ$ | Fever |  |
|  |  |  |
| AVAILABLE IN EVERY STORE IN INDONESIA |  |  |

46. Which of the following sickness cannot be relieved by this medicine?
A. Headache.
B. Coughs.
C. Cancer.
D. Fever.
47. What's the writer's purpose to write the text above?
A. To inform the process of making Cold Breaker.
B. To persuade people to use the product.
C. To explain the ingredients of the product.
D. To describe the illnesses that can be cured.

## The following text is for questions number 48 to 50.

Dear Ima,
Let me introduce myself. My name is Adiba Salma Zakiya, just call me Salma. I'm from Bima, Nusa Tenggara Barat. I read your profile in NONA magazine and would like to be one of your friends. It's a bit hard to find internet connection here, so I decided to write a letter instead of an e-mail to you. I hope you don't mind.

I'm the first child in my family. My parents have four children. I go to SMP 3 Sape, Bima. Now, I'm in the ninth grade. My hobby is cooking, that's why I can cook many kinds of Bimanese traditional dishes. Besides, I also like to play Kareku Kandei. It's a traditional music performance from Bima. Girls pound their pestles to a mortar to create harmonious sound. Kareku Kandei is usually performed on special events such as Independence Day, Kartini Day, etc.

I would love to know you better, would you tell me more about yourself too.
Regards,
Salma
48. How did Salma know about Ima's profile?
A. By writing a letter to Ima.
B. By sending an e-mail to Ima.
C. By reading her profile in a magazine.
D. By being one of her friends.
49. What is the main idea of paragraph one?
A. Salma described her hometown.
B. Both Salma and Ima liked NONA magazine.
C. Salma found Ima's profile in NONA magazine.
D. Salma complained about the internet connection.
50. The text mainly tells us about ....
A. the description of Salma's hometown
B. Salma's introduction to Ima
C. Salma's family and her hobbies
D. the condition of a remote area in Bima

